

TABLE 1

- Type of Livestock and Factors

Beef Cattle	- open feedlot with barn	0.8
	- total confinement	0.7
Broilers	- chicken	0.6
	- turkey	0.7
Dairy Cattle	- free stall	0.7
	- tie stall	0.65
	- loose housing	0.8
Hens (laying)	- caged	0.9
	- floor housing	0.8
	- breeding flocks	0.7
	- pullets	0.7
Hogs	- feeder	1.1
	- dry sows	1.0
Horses	.....	0.7
Mink	.....	1.1
Rabbits	.....	0.8
Roasters	.....	0.7
Sheep	.....	0.7
Veal Calves	- white	1.0

TABLE 2

- Animal Units of Production

Type of Livestock or Poultry	Maximum Number on Farm for Complete Year
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1 dairy cow (plus calf)	1 animal unit
1 beef cow (plus calf)	1 animal unit
1 bull	1 animal unit
1 horse	1 animal unit
4 sheep (plus lambs)	1 animal unit
4 sows (plus litter to weaning)	1 animal unit
125 laying hens	1 animal unit
100 female mink (plus associated males & kits) ..	1 animal unit
40 female rabbits (plus associated males)	1 animal unit

Maximum Number Marketed During Year	
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2 beef feeders (gain 400-1100 lb.)	1 animal unit
4 beef feeders (gain 400-750 lb.)	1 animal unit
4 beef feeders (gain 750-1100 lb.)	1 animal unit
15 hogs (gain 40-200 lb.)	1 animal unit
1000 broiler chickens or roasters (4-5 lb.)	1 animal unit
300 turkey broilers (11-12 lb.)	1 animal unit
150 heavy turkey hens (19-20 lb.)	1 animal unit
100 heavy turkey toms (30-32 lb.)	1 animal unit
40 veal calves (gain 20-300 lb.)	1 animal unit
1000 pullets	1 animal unit

Notes:

1. Dairy - A dairy farm usually has milking cows, dry cows, heifers and calves. e.g. a herd of 50 milking cows is usually considered 75 animal units.
2. Feeder Hogs - a feeder hog operation will market annually 2 to 3 times (average 2.5 times) the number of feeder hogs housed at one time.
3. Chicken Broilers - usually 4 batches per year.
4. Turkey Broilers - usually 3 batches per year.
5. Heavy Turkeys (confinement) - usually 1 or 2 batches per year.
6. Veal Calves - usually 4 batches per year.